# 9. TROUBLESHOOTING

## 1. ENGINE SYSTEM

Probable cause	Remedy
<ul> <li>Low oil level in oil pan.</li> <li>Oil filter element clogged.</li> <li>Loose or worn oil pipe joint leaks oil.</li> </ul>	· Add oil. · Replace element. · Check and repair.
<ul> <li>Lack of cooling water or water leakage.</li> <li>Loosen fan belt.</li> <li>Dust and scale accumulated in cooling system.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Add water or repair.</li><li>Adjust belt.</li><li>Change water and clean the interior of cooling system.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Radiator fin clogged or fin damaged.</li> <li>Thermostat or water temp gauge faulty.</li> <li>Radiator filler cap loosening.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Clean or repair.</li><li>Replace</li><li>Retighten cap or replace packing.</li></ul>
Thermostat faulty.     Water temperature gauge faulty.	· Replace · Replace
<ul> <li>Lack of fuel.</li> <li>Air mixed in fuel system.</li> <li>Fuel injection pump or nozzle defective.</li> <li>Starting motor rotates slowly.</li> <li>Engine compression insufficient.</li> <li>Valve clearance out of adjustment.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Add fuel.</li><li>Repair.</li><li>Replace.</li><li>See " Electrical system."</li><li>Adjust clearance</li></ul>
Excessive quantity of oil in oil pan.     Poor quality of fuel.	· Reduce oil quantity. · Replace with specified fuel.
· Air cleaner element clogged.	· Clean or replace element.
· Fuel feed pump faulty.	· Replace pump.
<ul> <li>Poor quality of fuel.</li> <li>Overheating</li> <li>Muffler interior damaged.</li> <li>Excessively large valve clearance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replace with specified fuel.</li> <li>See Symptom "Radiator pressure valve spouts steam".</li> <li>Replace</li> <li>Adjust clearance.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Low oil level in oil pan.</li> <li>Oil filter element clogged.</li> <li>Loose or worn oil pipe joint leaks oil.</li> <li>Lack of cooling water or water leakage.</li> <li>Loosen fan belt.</li> <li>Dust and scale accumulated in cooling system.</li> <li>Radiator fin clogged or fin damaged.</li> <li>Thermostat or water temp gauge faulty.</li> <li>Radiator filler cap loosening.</li> <li>Thermostat faulty.</li> <li>Water temperature gauge faulty.</li> <li>Lack of fuel.</li> <li>Air mixed in fuel system.</li> <li>Fuel injection pump or nozzle defective.</li> <li>Starting motor rotates slowly.</li> <li>Engine compression insufficient.</li> <li>Valve clearance out of adjustment.</li> <li>Excessive quantity of oil in oil pan.</li> <li>Poor quality of fuel.</li> <li>Air cleaner element clogged.</li> <li>Fuel feed pump faulty.</li> <li>Muffler interior damaged.</li> </ul>

### 2. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
Lamps dimming even at maximum engine speed.	· Faulty wiring.	· Check for loose terminal and disconnected wire.
Lamps flicker during engine operation.	· Improper belt tension.	· Adjust belt tension.
Charge lamp does light during normal engine operation.	· Charge lamp defective. · Faulty wiring.	· Replace. · Check and repair.
Alternator makes abnormal sounds.	· Alternator defective.	· Replace
Starting motor fails to run.	<ul><li>Faulty wiring.</li><li>Insufficient battery voltage.</li></ul>	Check and repair.     Recharge battery.
Starting motor pinion repeats going in and out.	· Insufficient battery voltage.	· Recharge battery.
Excessively low starting motor speed.	<ul><li>Insufficient battery voltage.</li><li>Starting motor defective.</li></ul>	Recharge battery.     Replace
Starting motor comes to a stop before engine starts up.	<ul><li>Faulty wiring.</li><li>Insufficient battery voltage.</li></ul>	Check and repair.     Recharge battery.
Heater signal does not become red.  * Heater functions only when the coolant temperature is below 0°C.	Faulty wiring.     Glow plug damaged.	· Check and repair. · Replace
Engine oil pressure warning lamp does not light when engine is stopped (with starting switch left in "ON" position).	Caution lamp defective.     Caution lamp switch defective.	· Replace · Replace

### 3. TORQUE FLOW SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
1. Excessive oil	· Improper oil level.	· Check oil level. Add or drain oil as necessary.
temperature rise 1) Torque converter	Impeller interfering with surroundings.	After draining oil from oil tank and transmission, check and replace interfering parts.
	Stator and free wheel malfunctioning.	Check engine (stalling) speed.  If necessary, replace.
	· Air sucked in.	Check the inlet side joint or pipe.  If necessary, retighten joint or replace gasket.
	Water intruding into transmission case.	Check drained oil.  If necessary, change oil.
	· Bearing worn or seizing.	· Disassemble, inspect, repair or replace.
	· Gauge malfunctioning.	· Check and, if necessary, replace.
2) Transmission	· Clutch dragging.	Check to see whether or not truck moves even when transmission is placed in neutral position. If so, replace clutch plate.
	· Bearing worn or seized.	· Disassemble, check and replace.
2. Noise operation	· Cavitation produced.	· Change oil, replace parts leaking air.
1) Torque converter	· Flexible plate damaged.	Listen to rotating sound at lowspeed operation. If necessary, replace flexible plate.
	· Bearing damaged or worn.	· Disassemble, check and replace.
	· Gear damaged.	· Disassemble, check and replace.
	Impeller interfering with surroundings.	Check impeller or check drained oil for mixing of foreign matter.  If necessary, change oil.
	· Bolt loosening.	Disassemble and check. If necessary, retighten or replace.
	· Spline worn.	· Disassemble, check and replace.
	· Noise gear pump operation.	· Disassemble, check and replace.
2) Transmission	Dragging caused by seizing clutch.	Check to see whether or not machine moves even when transmission is in neutral position. If so, replace clutch plate.
	· Bearing worn or seizing.	· Disassemble, check and replace
	· Gear damaged.	· Disassemble, check and replace
	· Bolt loosening.	· Disassemble, check and retighten or replace
	· Spline worn.	· Disassemble, check and replace

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
3. Low output power		
1) Torque converter	· Insufficient hydraulic pressure :	
	<ul> <li>Low oil level.</li> </ul>	Check oil level and add oil
	<ul> <li>Air sucked in.</li> </ul>	Check joints and pipes.
		If necessary, retighten joint or replace
		packing.
	<ul> <li>Oil filter clogging.</li> </ul>	Check and replace
	<ul> <li>Oil pump worn.</li> </ul>	- Check oil pressure. If necessary rep-
	(Low delivery flow)	lace pump.
	Regulator valve coil spring fatigued.	Check spring tension. If necessary, replace.
	Control valve spool malfunctioning.	Disassemble, check and repair or replace.
	- Piston or O-ring worn.	Disassemble, check measure and re-
	· Stator free wheel cam damaged.	place.  Check stalling speed.
	Stator free wheel carridarnaged.	(Increased engine load will cause ex-
		cessive drop of stalling speed.)
		Check oil temperature rise.
		If any, replace free wheel.
	· Stator free wheel seizing.	Check temperature plate.
		(No-load will cause temperature rise)
		Replace free wheel if a drop of start-
		ing output is found.
	· Impeller damaged for interfering with	Check drained oil for foreign matter.
	the surroundings.	If any, change oil.
2) Transmission	· Flexile plate deformed	· Replace flexible plate
,	Use of poor quality of oil or arising of air bubbles.	Check and change oil.
	<ul> <li>Air sucked in from inlet side.</li> </ul>	Check joints and pipes.
		If necessary, retighten joint or replace
		packing.
	<ul> <li>Low torque converter oil pressure accelerates generation of air beb-</li> </ul>	Check oil pressure.
	bles.	
	<ul> <li>Oil mixing with water.</li> </ul>	Check drained oil and change oil.
	<ul> <li>Inching rod out of adjustment.</li> </ul>	Check and adjust.
	· Clutch slipping	
	Lowering of power.	Check oil pressure.
	Piston ring or O-ring worn.	Disassemble, check, measure and
		replace.
	<ul> <li>Clutch piston damaged.</li> </ul>	Disassemble, check and replace.
	<ul> <li>Clutch plate seizing or dragging.</li> </ul>	Check to see whether or not machine
	. 5 55 5	moves even when transmission is in
		neutral position. If so, replace.

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
4. Unusual oil pressure 1) Oil pressure is high	· Control valve malfunctioning.	(1)Check for spool operation. If necessary, replace valve. (2)Check for clogging of small hole in valve body. If necessary, clean or
	· Cold weather. (high oil viscosity)	repair.  · When atmospheric temp is below freezing point (when normal oil pressure is recovered if heated to 60~80°C), change oil.
2) Oil pressure is low	Use of improper oil.     Gear pump malfunctioning (worn).     Oil leaks excessively:	Check and change oil.     Disassemble, check and replace.
	(1) Control valve oil spring defective.	Check spring tension (see spring specification).  If necessary replace.
	(2) Control valve spool defective.	Disassemble, check, and repair or replace valve.
	· Air sucked in. · Low oil level.	Check joints and pipes. If necessary, retighten joint or replace packing.
2) Transmission	· Oil filter clogging.	Check oil level and add oil.     Check and replace.      Discount leads of a check of the c
3) Transmission	· Oil leaks excessively.	Disassemble, check (piston ring and O-ring for wear and other defects), and replace.
5. Power is not transmitted		
1) Torque converter	· Clutch plate damaged.	Check for damage by listening to ab- normal sounds at a low converter sp- eed and replace.
	Low oil level.     Oil pump driving system faulty.	Check oil level and add oil     Disassemble and check for wear of pump gear, shaft and spline.  Replace defective parts.
	Shaft broken.     Lack of oil pressure.	Check and replace.     Check oil pump gear for wear and for oil suction force.
2) Transmission	· Low oil level.	If necessary, replace pump.  · Check oil level and add oil.
	Inching valve and link lever improperly positioned.	· Check measure and adjust.
	Forward/reverse spool and link lever improperly positioned.     Clutch fails to disengage:	· Check and adjust.
	(1) Clutch case piston ring defective. (2) Main shaft plug slipping out.	Disassemble, check and replace     Disassemble, check and repair or re-
	· Clutch seizing.	place  Check to see whether or not machine moves even then transmission is in neutral position. If so, replace.
	· Shaft broken off.	Disassemble, check(main shaft, etc.), and replace.
	Clutch drum damaged (spring groove).     Clutch snap ring broken.	<ul> <li>Disassemble, check and replace.</li> <li>Disassemble, check and repair or replace.</li> </ul>

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
5. Power is not transmitted (Continue)	<ul><li>Foreign matter intruding into oil passage to clutch.</li><li>Shaft spline worn.</li></ul>	<ul><li>Disassemble, check and repair or replace.</li><li>Disassemble, check and replace.</li></ul>
6. Oil leakage (Transmission and torque converter)	· Oil leaks from oil seal.	Disassemble and check for wear of seal lips and mating sliding surfaces (pump boss, coupling etc.) Replace oil seal, pump boss, coupling, etc.
	· Oil leaks from case joining surfaces.	· Check and retighten or replace packing.
	· Oil leaks from joint or pipe.	· Check and repair or replace gasket.
	Oil leaks from drain plug.	Check and retighten or gasket.
	Oil leaks from a crack.	· Check and replace cracked part.

### 4. STEERING SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
1. Steering wheel drags.	<ul> <li>Low oil pressure.</li> <li>Bearing faulty.</li> <li>Spring spool faulty.</li> <li>Reaction plunger faulty.</li> <li>Ball-and-screw assembly faulty.</li> <li>Sector shaft adjusting screw excessively tight.</li> <li>Gears poorly meshing.</li> <li>Flow divider coil spring fatigued.</li> <li>Brake valve spool malfunctioning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check locknut. Repair.</li> <li>Clean or replace.</li> <li>Clean or replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Clean or replace.</li> <li>Adjust.</li> <li>Check and correct meshing.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Clean or replace.</li> </ul>
Steering wheel fails to return smoothly.	Bearing faulty.     Reaction plunger faulty.     Ball-and-screw assy faulty.     Gears poorly meshing.	<ul><li>Clean or replace.</li><li>Replace.</li><li>Clean or replace.</li><li>Check and correct meshing.</li></ul>
Steering wheel turns unsteadily.     Steering system makes abnormal sound or vibration.	· Metal spring deteriorated.	<ul><li>Retighten.</li><li>Replace.</li><li>Adjust.</li><li>Retighten.</li><li>Bleed air.</li></ul>
Abnormal sound heard when steering wheel is turned fully	Valve · Faulty. (Valve fails to open.)  Piping · Pipe (from pump to power steering cylinder) dented or clogged.	Adjust valve set pressure and check for specified oil pressure.      Repair or replace.
5. Piping makes abnormal sounds.	Oil pump  · Lack of oil.  · Oil inlet pipe sucks air.  · Insufficient air bleeding.	Add oil.     Repair.     Bleed air completely.
6. Valve or valve unit makes abnormal sounds.	Oil pump     Oil inlet pipe sucks air. Valve     Faulty. (Unbalance oil pressure)  Piping     Pipe (from pump to power steering)	Repair or replace.      Adjust valve set pressure and check specified oil pressure.      Repair or replace.
	dented or clogged. Insufficient air bleeding.	Bleed air completely.
7. Insufficient or variable oil flow.	· Flow control valve orifice clogged.	· Clean.
8. Insufficient or variable discharge pressure.	Piping Pipe (from tank to pipe) dented or clogged.	· Repair or replace.

### 5. BRAKE SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
1. Insufficient braking force	Hydraulic system leaks oil.     Hydraulic system has air in line.     Friction plate worn.     Brake valve or brake piston malfunctioning.     Hydraulic system clogged.	<ul> <li>Repair and add oil.</li> <li>Bleed air.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Repair or replace.</li> <li>Clean.</li> </ul>
Brake acting unevenly.     (Machine is turned to one side during braking.)	<ul> <li>Tires unequally inflated.</li> <li>Brake out of adjustment.</li> <li>Friction plate worn.</li> <li>Disc worn or damaged (distortion or rusting).</li> <li>Piston in axle mal-functioning.</li> <li>Hydraulic system clogged.</li> </ul>	Adjust tire pressure.     Adjust(Refer to service manual).     Replace.     Replace.      Repair or replace.     Clean.
3. Brake trailing.	<ul> <li>Pedal has no play.</li> <li>Piston in axle mal-functioning.</li> <li>Return spring damaged.</li> <li>Parking brake fails to return or out of adjustment.</li> <li>Brake valve return port clogged.</li> <li>Hydraulic system clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adjust.</li> <li>Repair or replace.</li> <li>Relace.</li> <li>Repair or adjust.</li> <li>Clean.</li> <li>Clean.</li> </ul>
4. Brake chirps	Brake trailing.     Piston fails to return.     Friction plate worn.	· See 3. Brake trailing. · Replace. · Replace.
5. Brake noise	Incorrect axle oil.     Oil change interval passed.     Friction plate worn.	Replace with approved oil.     Replace.     Replace.
6. Large pedal stroke	<ul> <li>Brake out of adjustment.</li> <li>Hydraulic line sucking air.</li> <li>Oil leaks from hydraulic line, or lack of oil.</li> <li>Friction plate worn.</li> </ul>	Adjust.     Bleed air.     Check and repair or add oil.      Replace.
7. Pedal dragging.	<ul> <li>Twisted push rod caused by improperly fitted brake valve.</li> <li>Brake valve seal faulty.</li> <li>Flow control valve orifice clogged.</li> <li>Lack of grease on pivot</li> </ul>	· Adjust.  · Replace. · Clean or replace. · Add grease

### 6. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
Large fork lowering speed.	<ul> <li>Seal inside control valve defective.</li> <li>Oil leaks from joint or hose.</li> <li>Seal inside cylinder defective.</li> </ul>	Replace spool or valve body.     Replace.     Replace packing.
Large spontaneous tilt of mast.	<ul> <li>Tilting backward : Check valve defective.</li> <li>Tilting forward : Tilt lock valve defective.</li> <li>Oil leaks from joint or hose.</li> <li>Seal inside cylinder defective.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Clean or replace.</li><li>Clean or replace.</li><li>Replace.</li><li>Replace seal.</li></ul>
Slow fork lifting or slow mast tilting.	<ul> <li>Lack of hydraulic oil.</li> <li>Hydraulic oil mixed with air.</li> <li>Oil leaks from joint or hose.</li> <li>Excessive restriction of oil flow on pump suction side.</li> <li>Relief valve fails to keep specified pressure.</li> <li>Poor sealing inside cylinder.</li> <li>High hydraulic oil viscosity.</li> <li>Mast fails to move smoothly.</li> <li>Oil leaks from lift control valve spool.</li> <li>Oil leaks from tilt control valve spool.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add oil.</li> <li>Bleed air.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Clean filter.</li> <li>Adjust relief valve.</li> <li>Replace packing.</li> <li>Change to SAE10W, class CF engine oil.</li> <li>Adjust roll to rail clearance.</li> <li>Replace spool or valve body.</li> <li>Replace spool or valve body.</li> </ul>
Hydraulic system makes abnormal sounds.	<ul> <li>Excessive restriction of oil flow pump suction side.</li> <li>Gear or bearing in hydraulic pump defective.</li> </ul>	· Clean filter.  · Replace gear or bearing.
5. Control valve lever is locked	<ul><li>Foreign matter jammed between spool and valve body.</li><li>Valve body defective.</li></ul>	Clean.     Tighten body mounting bolts uniformly.
6. High oil temperature.	<ul><li>Lack of hydraulic oil.</li><li>High hydraulic oil viscosity.</li><li>Oil filter clogged.</li></ul>	Add oil.     Change to SAE10W, class CF engine oil.     Clean filter.